

# Well Purging / Sampling Problems

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# SAM Manual History on Well Purging Methods

## January 1991 - SAM Manual: Standard Methods

- High flow methods
  - Standard fast recovery
  - Parameter based fast recovery
  - Standard slow recovery well

## January 2002 - SAM Manual: Specialized Methods

- Non-purge
- Low flow

# Purpose of Well Purging

Well purging is to ensure that the groundwater sample collected is representative of groundwater conditions below the site.

# High Flow Methods

- Using casing volumes instead of borehole volumes
  - This results in insufficient amount of water being purged.
  - WQ parameters may be stable but only measuring stagnant water in the borehole and not from the formation .

# Casing vs. Borehole Volumes

BH Diameter (inches)	Casing Size (inches)	Water column (ft)	BH volume (cu-ft)	Casing Volume (cu-ft)	Percent Difference
6	2	15	1.0	0.3	70%
6	2	25	1.6	0.5	69%
6	2	35	2.3	0.9	61%
8	4	15	2.3	1.3	43%
8	4	25	3.8	2.2	42%
8	4	35	5.3	3.1	42%
10	4	15	3.0	1.3	57%
10	4	25	5.0	2.2	56%
10	4	35	7.1	3.1	56%

# High Flow Methods (Continued)

## Key missing information in well purge logs

- Pumping rate
- Method of pumping
- Static water level (water level prior to purging)
- Water levels at time of testing water quality parameters
- Water level and the time when purging was terminated
- Water level at time of sampling

# High Flow Methods (Continued)

## Percent Recovery

- 75 - 80% of projects reviewed it is found that insufficient information is being provided to demonstrate 80% recovery has been achieved.
- Audited cases have shown over 60% of the time individuals are incorrectly calculating the Percent Recovery.

# Percent Recovery

$$PR = \left(1 - \frac{RD}{MD}\right) \times 100$$

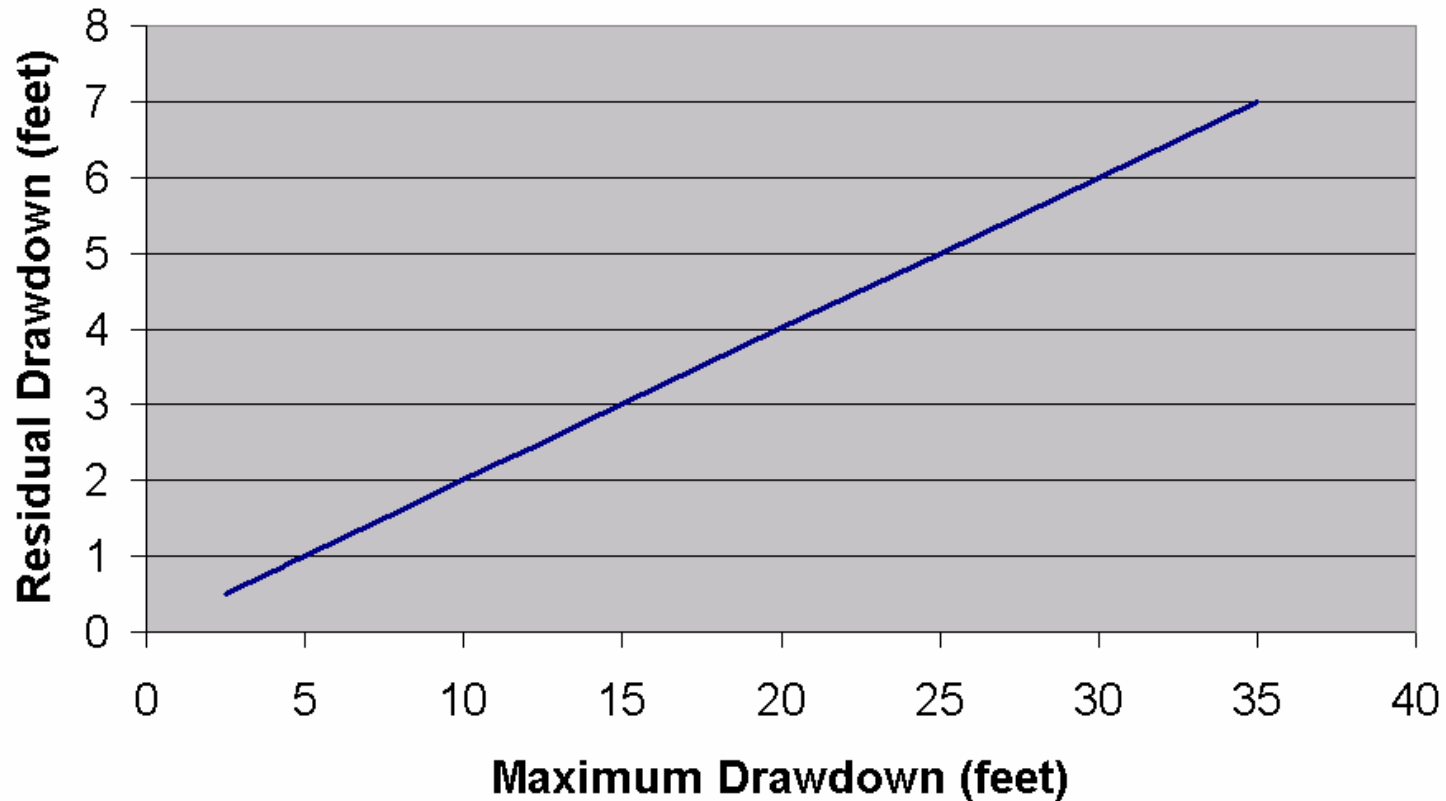
**Where:** PR = the percent recovery (%)

**RD = the residual drawdown (ft) - the difference between the water level prior to purging and the measured water level at any time after purging.**

**MD = the maximum drawdown (ft) - the difference between the static water level prior to purging and the measured water level immediately after purging.**

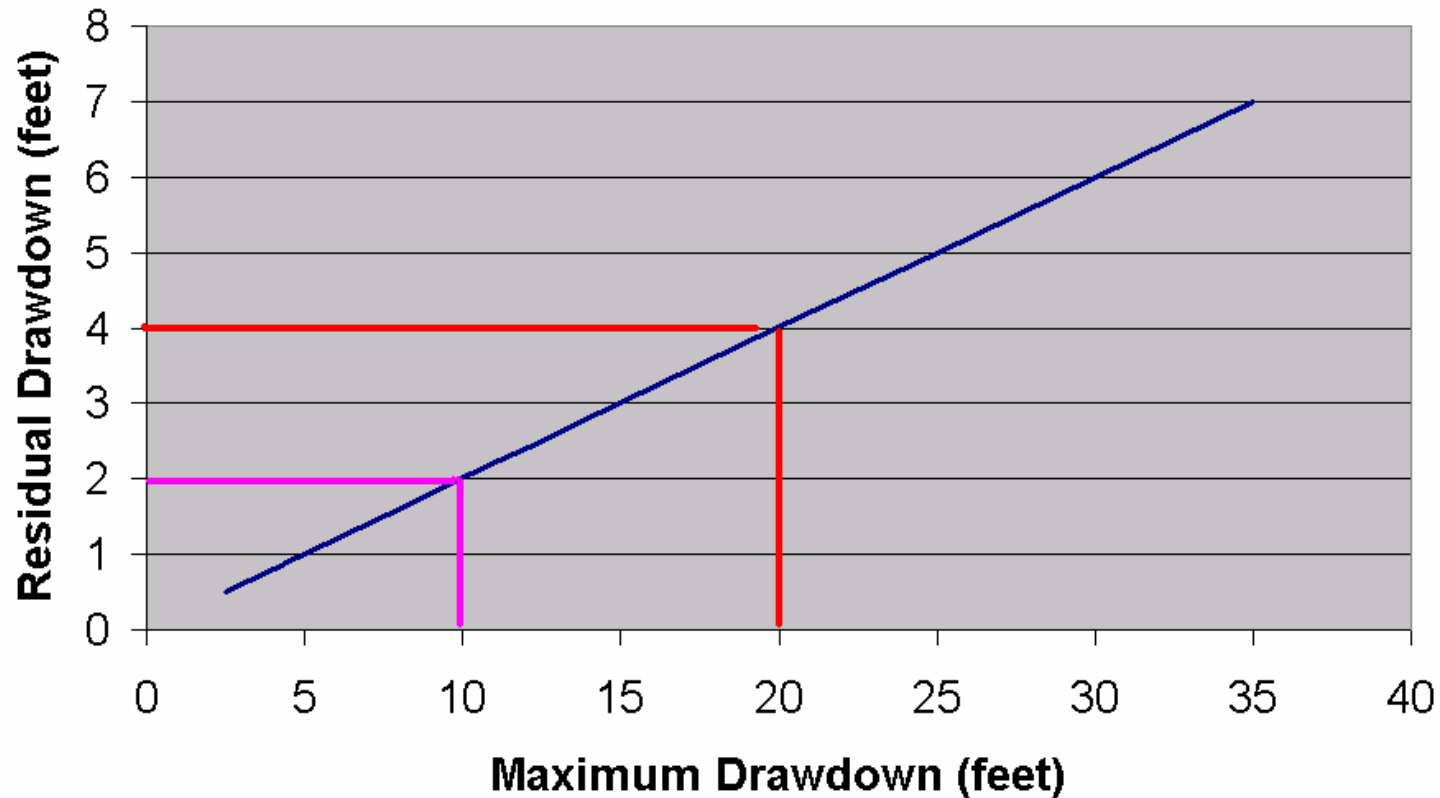
# High Flow Methods - Percent Recovery (Continued)

**Percent Recovery to 80%**



# High Flow Methods - Percent Recovery (Continued)

**Percent Recovery to 80%**



# Low Flow Method

- This method assumes:
  - Groundwater flow is horizontal,
  - There is no vertical component of flow in well,
  - Water in the well is in equilibrium with the formation water and
  - Volatilization and oxidation in the well is insignificant.

# Low Flow Method (Continued)

## Problems with Method Implementation

- Installing pump and purging without allowing 2 hours prior to purging sampling.
- Poor documentation regarding pump placement in the well.
- No drawdown information provided documenting the compliance with the method.
- Not following the required indicator parameters and turbidity for evaluating stability.
- Using proper pump type for the method.

# General Comment on Purging

It is common in reports and workplans to see the following statements:

- Work will be done or was done in general compliance with the SAM Manual
- Work will be done or was done in general accordance with the SAM Manual.

- These generalized statements imply and have been found to be used when the SAM Manual is not being followed.
- When these statement are used you will be asked to explain where the SAM Manual was not followed.

# New Well Purging Log

To attempt to correct the problems we have observed DEH is requiring all well purging logs to contain the information listed on this form.



# New Well Purging Log (Continued)

WELL PURGING/SAMPLING LOG		
Project Name:		Well No.:
Project Number:		Date:
Project Address:		
Well GPS:	Latitude:	Longitude:
Sampled by:	Checked by:	License #:

# New Well Purging Log (Continued)

## WELL SPECIFICATIONS & MEASUREMENTS

Borehole Diameter (in.) (BD):    6   8   10   12   \_\_\_\_\_

Casing Diameter (in.) (CD):        2   4    6    8    \_\_\_\_\_

Total Well Depth (ft.) (WD):

Product thickness (ft.):

Static Water Level (ft.) (SWL):

Time measured:

Water Column (ft.) (WC=WD-SWL):

Filter Pack Porosity (P):

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

### Borehole Volume (BV) Calculations

$$\mathbf{BV \text{ (gal)} = 0.041 [CD^2 + P (BD^2 - CD^2)](WC)}$$

This equation applies to wells constructed straddling the water table only.

For submerged screens, document all calculations. Porosity is expressed

in decimal form. **BV = \_\_\_\_\_ gallons**

# New Well Purging Log (Continued)

<b>PURGING &amp; SAMPLING EQUIPMENT</b>	
Water Level Meter Type and ID:	
Purging Equipment/Method:	Bladder Pump _____ Bailer _____
	Centrifugal Pump _____ Other _____
pH/Temp/Conductivity Meter Type and ID:	
Sampler Type:	_____ Teflon Bailer _____ Disposable Bailer
	_____ Bladder Pump _____ Centrifugal Pump
	_____ Other: _____
Decontamination Method:	_____ Steam/High Pressure Wash
	_____ 3 Stage (Alconox, tap water & DI rinse)
	_____ Other: _____

# New Well Purging Log (Continued)

## PURGING AND SAMPLING METHODOLOGIES

### Well Recovery Type

Fast -recovers 80% within 2 hours -Methods 1, 2, 3, & 5       Slow - more than 2 hours to recover 80% -Methods 3, 4, & 5

### PURGING METHODS

- Method 1, remove 3 BV, sample after well recovers 80% of total purged drawdown.
- Method 2, remove 1 BV, test parameters until stable per SAM Manual, sample after well recovers 80% of total purged drawdown.
- Method 3, Low-flow - install pump at least 2 hours prior to start of purging. Follow detailed methodology in SAM Manual.  
List the date and time the pump was installed:    Date: \_\_\_\_\_    Time: \_\_\_\_\_
- Method 4, remove 1 BV, sample after 2 hours. Note - if well recovers 80% of total purged drawdown, use another method.
- Method 5, non-purge method. Only with prior written approval from SAM

# New Well Purging Log (Continued)

PURGING INFORMATION								
Time	Water Level (feet below top of casing)	Drawdown (feet)	Water Volume Purged (gal)	Measured Parameters				
				Conductivity (µmhos)	Dissolved Oxygen	pH	Turbidity	Temp (°C)
Borehole Volume: _____ (gal)		Total Volume Purge Water: _____ (gal)		Average pumping rate: _____ (gpm)				
RECOVERY CALCULATIONS								
Recovery of 80% of drawdown from purging = SWL + (0.2)(Maximum Drawdown during purging)								
SAMPLING INFORMATION								
Date & Time Sampled: _____			Depth to water at time of sampling (feet): _____					
Quantity	Container Type	Filtered (Y/N)	Sample Preservatives	Analytical Methods to Perform				

# New Well Purging Log

Go to What's New

SAM Web Page for the Purging Log

[http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/deh/lwq/sam/whats\\_new.html](http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/deh/lwq/sam/whats_new.html)